

FRENCH AEROPLANE 'SINKS' BIG AIRSHIP IN DUEL IN THE AIR

Sends His Speedy Monoplane
Crashing Through a Great
Zeppelin Dirigible.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The first "battle in the air" has been fought. The craft in the combat were a giant German Zeppelin and a French aeroplane. The Frenchman sacrificed himself and his machine to ram the Zeppelin. The flying machine and the airship were both wrecked and crashed to earth. Every human being on both machines—twenty-five Germans on the Zeppelin and the lone French aviator—was killed. This, the first engagement of the kind the world has ever known, occurred at Clery-les-Forges last yesterday. The gallant Frenchman who sacrificed himself with such spectacular plan was, according to first reports, Roland Garros, a well-known aviator, but this was later denied. Recently a Zeppelin, in manoeuvre, was struck by an aeroplane accidentally and wrecked. That event suggested to the French aviators a method, though a costly one, of destroying the German sky monsters. One of the great airships was seen cruising about over Clery-les-Forges. The dirigible wheeled and turned, manoeuvring from a point of vantage in the sky. There was the whirr of an aeroplane engine and up-up-up went the aviator, winging his way to glory and to death.

Like a hornet buzzing in anger to sting a big bird, or a torpedo boat plunging through the waves to inflict a death wound on a dreadnought, sped

the aeroplane. There was no shooting no sound but the purring of the engine on the little flying machine with its one man aboard.

A moment later the hornet was upon the bird. The torpedo boat had delivered the death wound. Straight ahead and upward rushed the aeroplane, its powerful engine driving the machine clear through the great gas bag of the Zeppelin. Out upon the other side came the shattered remnant of the aeroplane—out and then down, with a rush to earth. The aviator's body came tumbling too.

The Zeppelin wavered, crumpled, collapsed and fell. With her wrecked hull came the twenty-five German soldiers who formed her crew.

"One," counted the Frenchmen, for the aeromane of that nation are ready and eager to administer similar treatment to the entire fleet of the Kaiser's vaunted Zeppelins. The second "battle in the air" was at Longwy, where French and German troops have clashed. That was between aeroplanes. French and German machines, one each, mounted high in the air and while several hundred feet up, manoeuvring now higher and now lower, circling and swooping, engaged in a rifle duel.

The Frenchman's marksmanship was the better. One of his bullets hit the German aviator while the latter's craft was flying at a height of about 200 feet. The German lunged from his seat and fell to the ground. His machine wobbled and fell after him.

German soldiers fired upon and brought down a French aeroplane near Wesel.

Despatches from Nuremberg, Bavaria, say a French aviator attempted to drop bombs on that city, but failed to do any damage. The inhabitants protest that the act of the Frenchman was a crime against humanity, France not having declared war against Germany.

Military aircraft have been seen at other points. Several aeroplanes, supposed to be hostile, were observed flying in the direction of Cologne, telegrams say, and another machine was sighted near Kepprich, ten miles northwest of Coblenz. That was Saturday night.

NEW SUBWAY FLOODED ALONG SEVENTH AVENUE

Water from a Leaking Pipe Fills
a Section to Street Level
for Hours.

The usual heavy traffic up and down Seventh avenue passed over the board covering of the subway excavation at the Twenty-third street crossing to-day unaware of the fact that twenty feet of water had filled the pit below almost to the street level. After working more than six hours workmen of the Water and Sewer Department diverted the flood into a sewer and sought to find and repair the leak in the twenty inch main which had caused the trouble.

The leak, which had been the result of the blowing out of the lead caulking between joints of the pipe, must have occurred some time after the laborers employed by the United States Realty and Construction Company, the builders of that section of the subway, had knocked off work on Saturday. By the time that Policeman Natherson of the West Twentieth street station discovered the bubbling well almost beneath his feet at 1 o'clock this morning the whole block of subway trench north and south of the Twenty-third street crossing was filled.

70,000 TROOPS START MARCH TO MEXICO CITY

On Carranza's Order, Constitutionalist Force, Well Equipped, Heads for Capital.

SALTILLO, Mex., Aug. 2 (via Laredo, Tex., Aug. 2).—An advance on Mexico City of over seventy thousand well armed and equipped Constitutional soldiers was begun to-day on orders from Gen. Carranza.

WARBURG QUIZZING ENDS.

Senate Expected Soon to Confirm Banker's Nomination.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—After several hours questioning of Paul M. Warburg, nominated for the Federal Reserve Board, before the Senate Banking Committee to-day, Chairman Owen said he believed the New York man's nomination would be favorably reported soon and confirmed.

NEEDLESS RUNS ON SAVINGS BANKS AS RESULT OF ORDER

Enforcement of Sixty-Day Notice Rule Followed by
Demands for Money.

All savings banks and private banks in quarters of the city inhabited largely by persons of foreign birth were subjected to runs to-day because of the war news from Europe. The rush for money had been expected by bankers, and a rule was established limiting withdrawals to from \$25 to \$100. The law allowing savings banks to require sixty days' notice of intent to withdraw deposits was invoked in all cases, and this added to the uneasiness of the unlettered.

Bank messengers and attendants girded in the polygot tonnage of Southern Europe were sent among the crowds of depositors explaining the situation. Hundreds of depositors explained that they wanted money to finance trips to Europe, having been called to fight for their countries.

Such persons were required to show their papers establishing their status as soldiers of European Governments held in reserve.

Close to 100 per cent. of those clamoring for their money in front of savings banks and private banks are foreigners with but a limited knowledge of English. A large proportion of them are Slavs. Few have any idea of the position of the United States with reference to the war in Europe. A great many think this country is at war. In the past three days the east side has been flooded with extra editions of newspapers printed in foreign tongues, disseminating the wildest of rumors.

Inquiry by Evening World reporters along the lines of depositors waiting at different banks established that most of them are inspired solely by a desire to get their savings into their own possession. There appears to be an impression that the bankers of the United States are sending all the money in this country to Europe to help out bankers on the other side and that there will soon be no money left in New York.

BANKS TRYING TO PROTECT THE PEOPLE FROM THEMSELVES.

"We are trying to protect these people from themselves," said President Andrew Mills of the Dry Dock Savings Bank, on the Bowery. "Sharps and swindlers will swoop down upon them and rob them if they are allowed to get hold of their money. We have established a rule here limiting withdrawals to \$50 or less per depositor, except in cases where it is shown that the money is needed for some legitimate purpose."

The run began early this morning and lasted all day. At the Emigrant Savings Bank in Chambers street several hundred depositors in two lines waited for the opening of the bank. By noon the number had increased to 1,500. Extra tellers were put on duty, but a limit of \$50 was put on withdrawals and the sixty-day notice law was invoked.

The Bowery Savings Bank was besieged by about 1,500 excited foreigners. The policy of this bank is to keep in close touch with depositors and many were called into conference with the officers and persuaded not to disturb their accounts. In general small sums were paid out, and sixty-day notices were required on balances. The Bowery Savings Bank has a reserve of \$11,000,000.

WOMEN WITH CHILDREN IN SCRAMBLE FOR MONEY.

The German Savings Bank at Fourteenth street and Fourth avenue has 255,000 depositors—more than any other bank in the city. A line of about 500 panic-stricken folk besieged the bank all day. There were many women carrying babies or dragging small children in the crowd. In this bank the maximum withdrawal allowed was \$100.

"A large percentage of our depositors," said President A. Koppel, "are Slavs and Polish Jews. They are about equally represented in the frightened crowd seeking to withdraw money. We are requiring sixty days' notice."

All the small private banks east of the Bowery were besieged. The withdrawal rule was put into effect everywhere. At Adolph Mandel bank, No. 155 Rivington street, the line of persons drawing out money and dragging small children was about equal in volume. Jarmulowsky's bank, at Canal and Orchard street; A. L. Kass at No. 100 Essex street; and Markel Bros. at No. 93 Canal street, displayed great piles of gold in their windows, paid off rapidly and dissipated runs before noon.

The Williamsburg branch of the State Bank at No. 60 Graham avenue and the Williamsburg branch of A. L. Kass's bank at No. 87 Graham avenue, were subjected to runs all day. Both these banks limited withdrawals to small sums.

Presidents of the leading savings banks and proprietors of several private banks met to-day with Eugene Lamb Richards, State Superintendent of Banks, and decided to put into effect the rule requiring sixty days' notice in withdrawal of savings bank accounts and thirty days

YOU CAN ONCE MORE ENJOY EATING!

Indigestion which unties you for work, robs you of your sleep and makes life a burden to you—CAN BE CURED.

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COOK TOURISTS TO BE CARED FOR BY LONDON OFFICE

Their Friends Here and in
Canada Can Deposit in
Local Offices.

The chief American office of Thomas Cook & Son at No. 245 Broadway and branches throughout New York and other parts of the country are crowded with friends and relatives of European vacationists trying vainly to learn of their whereabouts and the steps taken to care for them during the war crisis.

Announcement was made to-day by the tourist agency that arrangements have been made at the London office to care for the immediate financial needs of American travellers whose friends in this country and Canada will deposit money at local agencies.

As to the crowds of tourists in the war zone who are penniless and who have no friends at home able to deposit money for their immediate needs nothing was said. There are persistent reports that Cook agencies in Europe are charging a discount of 25 per cent. for cashing their own letters of credit.

"I do not believe Cook's agencies are charging such a rate," said General Manager Harrison, "but it may be that there is a certain discount charged for the payment of gold and silver. I imagine our office cannot secure that kind of money except in limited quantities. I estimate that there are 1,000 Americans abroad on Cook tours."

"I cannot say where our liability ends. This is an unprecedented crisis. I believe, however, that all conductors several days ago were advised to cancel the tours and proceed to London. There everything possible is being done to see that travellers are properly fed and cared for until ships can be secured to bring them home."

CUP YACHTS TRY AGAIN.

Resolute and Vanitie in Race Over
Forty-Mile Course.

NEW LONDON, July, Aug. 2.—The New York Yacht Club fleet, thinned by the withdrawal of many craft because of the European war situation, set sail to-day on the third and perhaps the last day's run of the annual cruise to Newport. As on the two previous days' sailing interest centered in the cup contenders, Resolute and Vanitie, notwithstanding the growing possibility that America's Cup race would be called off. The run to-day from Sarah's Ledge buoy to Brenton's Reef Lightship was forty miles.

Resolute was the first to swing away and head for the line, slightly back winding Vanitie and ahead of the starting times were: Resolute, 10:21.1; Vanitie, 10:31.6. The wind was about three miles an hour but there was a fair tide.

EXPLOSION KILLS WOMEN.

Two Victims of Hot Water Tank
Crash in Bakery.

WEBSTER, Mass., Aug. 2.—Flora Gadsbury of Webster and Eva Tetreault of Williamstown, Conn., were instantly killed to-day by the explosion of a hot water tank in a bakery where they were employed.

Belgium Won't Consent to Crossing of German Troops.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Foreign Office announced to-day that Belgium rejected the offer of Germany that the latter would respect Belgian territory in return for permission for Belgium for German troops to use the railway across the former for the transport of a German army designed to invade France.

Military Authorities Take Charge of Quebec.

QUEBEC, Aug. 2.—The port of Quebec was to-day placed in charge of the military authorities, who immediately issued a set of protective regulations. A line of inspecting vessels has been stationed off the island of Orleans.

Japan Exchange Closed.

TOKYO, August 2.—The Stock and other Exchanges here were ordered closed to-day on account of the slump in price of securities caused by the European war.

on private bank accounts. They modified this rule, however, to permit withdrawal of small amounts, \$25 to \$50, for each depositor on demand, and discretionary supervision of demands for larger amounts.

In announcing the decision Supt. Richards declared that the savings banks were never in better condition and the action was taken solely because of the extraordinary situation in Europe.

ALL BANKS IN STATE URGED TO FOLLOW RULE.

Immediately following the meeting communications were sent to banks throughout the State, informing them of the action taken by the New York City banks and requesting them to take like action. The letter of advice said:

"In view of the European situation and for the purpose of conserving currency for our domestic needs, I request that forthwith a resolution be adopted by your board of directors requiring a notice of sixty days before repaying deposits, and in otherwise complying with sub-division one, section 24 of the Banking law."

"It was decided to permit the banks to pay out small amounts in cases of emergency. The amount to be paid out in this way was left to the discretion of each bank and is to be subjected at all times to revocation by the superintendent after consultation with the savings bankers themselves. The action to-day goes into effect at once."

There are 140 savings banks in New York State. Their financial statements on July 1 showed \$145,440 deposits, with \$1,741,971.48 in their credit. The total resources were given as \$1,936,354.331.

There are ninety private banks whose figures are not obtainable, as it was only recently that these institutions came under the supervision of the State Banking Department.

BRITISH CONSUL HEARS OF EFFORT TO CUT CABLE HERE

Semi-Official Report of Two
German Cruisers Seen
Off Newfoundland.

At the British Consulate, No. 17 State street, it was announced in an official statement to-day that the Consulate "had reason to believe" that a state of war in which Great Britain is involved exists. The statement added:

"Certain information was brought to the Consulate this afternoon to the effect that a certain ship has been grappling for one of the transatlantic cables between America and England on this side of the Atlantic in an attempt to cut it."

Acting British Consul-General Noworthy said this afternoon that he had received advice from a semi-official source that two German cruisers had been seen off St. Pierre, Miquelon, during the day. This is the point off Newfoundland where many of the transatlantic cables are landed.

AUSTRALIA OFFERS ENGLAND 20,000 MEN AND AUXILIARY FLEET.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—Australia will furnish the mother country with an expeditionary force of 20,000 men and a fleet of auxiliaries if war comes. Formal tender of this offer was made in a despatch from the Melbourne Government received by the Colonial Office to-night.

POPE EXHORTS ALL ROMAN CATHOLICS TO PRAY FOR WORLD PEACE

ROME, Aug. 2.—The Pope to-day addressed an exhortation to all the Catholics of the world asking them to lift their souls toward Christ, who alone was able to aid. He called on the clergy to offer public prayer for peace.

LONDON HEARS OF REPORTED MURDER OF AUSTRIAN RULER

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Daily Telegraph, as well as the Chronicle, says rumors are current in diplomatic circles that Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria has been assassinated. No confirmation of this rumor can be obtained.

HUNGARY AND SWEDEN CLASH OFF BRONX BAR; IRISH PATROL ACTS

Cruiser Corrigan Steams Into
Conflict and Takes Seven
Prisoners of War.

Six Hungarian destroyers manoeuvring off a Bronx bar in the dusk of last evening surrounded and attacked a lone Swedish cruiser. The engagement was promptly accepted by the Scandinavian craft, but the latter was laboring heavily under the spirited onslaught when an Irish scout cruiser hove in sight. The Irishman clapped on forced draught and steamed into the combat. In a minute the air was filled with conflict and when peace came upon the face of the waters the six Hungarians and the one Swede were prisoners of war.

Taking the prize craft in tow, the Irish patrol cruiser made for the nearest peace tribunal, presided over by a neutral Italian, and the six Hungarian craft were fined. The Swede was ordered to leave port without penalty.

That is the chronicle of a fight at One Hundred and Thirty-sixth street and Southern Boulevard between Joseph Perft, John Benda, Nicholas Perft, Fred Moitel and John Marakows on one side and John May on the other. Also it tells the tale of the timely arrival of Patrolman Patrick Corrigan of the Alexander avenue station and of the fate of the prisoners at the hands of Magistrate Freschi in the Morrisania Police Court.

And oh, yes, the cause of the row—the present war in Europe.

NO ACTION ON ISSUE OF TAXI SECURITIES

Counsel Says He Hasn't Had Time
to Prepare His Case.

The Public Service Commission to-day failed to take action at the hearing before Commissioner Wood to consider the issue of new securities by the recently consolidated Yellow Taxi Company and Mason-Seaman Transportation Company.

Henry B. Twombly, counsel to the Taxi Cab Trust, challenged the right of the Public Service Commission to make the investigation on the ground that the company is not within the

Are You Sick? Don't Know What Really Is the Trouble?

Indigestion, Poor Circulation, Cold Extremities, Aching Joints, Fatigue, Nervousness After Eating.

MAN-A-GEA WATER.
The Natural Mineral Spring Water
(Not a Laxative)
White Table Food and Between Meals
When Discomfort Approves.

For Sale by
Acker, Merrill & Condit Co.
and all First Class Grocers and Druggists.
MAN-A-GEA WATER CO. 15 Stone St. N.Y.

B. Altman & Co.

have arranged the following for
to-morrow (Tuesday):

Extraordinary Price Reductions in
Women's Ready-to-wear Dep't
(Third Floor)

Summer Dresses of pongee, figured foulard
or washable silk at \$12.50
Tailor-made Suits at 16.50
Cape Suits at \$18.00 & 20.00
Separate Skirts of white serge or golf cord
or white-and-black serge at \$4.00

Also Women's Riding Habits & Sports Suits
of tan or Jasper linen or khaki,
special at \$10.00

An Unusual Offering of Women's Summer-weight Corsets

at the exceptionally low price of . . . \$1.35

Also Women's Brassieres at very special
prices
Brassieres in a variety of desirable materials
(some sizes incomplete)
at 65c., 75c. & 95c.
Brassieres in a new net model at 78c.

Girls' Washable Dresses and Sports Coats

will provide a feature of special interest in
the Girls' Department at these
unusual prices:

Girls' Washable Dresses, in three distinct
models each \$1.45
Girls' Sports Coats, in two attractive styles,
each \$6.50

The remainder of the Summer assortments
of Girls' Coats and Washable Dresses have
been marked, for a final clearance, at decided
reductions in prices.

A Sale of Bed Furnishings

consisting of Blankets, Bedspreads, Muslin
Sheets and Pillow Cases, all of which will be
offered at attractively low prices.

White Blankets
per pair \$4.50, 5.50, 6.00, 8.50 to 11.50
Satin-finish Bedspreads.

With plain hems each \$3.25
With scalloped edges each 3.60
Crochet Bedspreads each 1.25

Muslin Sheets.
With plain hems each 50c. to \$1.05
Hemstitched each \$1.05 & \$1.20

Muslin Pillow Cases.
With plain hems each 14c. to 21c.
Hemstitched each 25c., 28c. & 32c.

COIFFURE ACCESSORIES

Naturally Wavy Hair Switches 4.45
Naturally Wavy Gray Hair Switches 5.45

The above are 20 inches long, mounted on three short
stems. In all shades. Perfect match guaranteed.



You'll need it if you're going
to serve "Force" (it's whole
wheat) for breakfast.

Guaranteed
Adjusted
17 Jewels
Solid 14 Karat
Gold

To show our
watch power in
the water, we
will guarantee
any watch to
keep within
one minute of
the time for
one year. If
it does not, we
will refund the
purchase price.
If three watches
are bought, we
will guarantee
each watch to
keep within one
minute of the
time for one
year. If it does
not, we will
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purchase price.
This is the only
guarantee of its
kind in the world.
We are the only
watchmakers in
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See us in the United States
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ONE MINUTE FROM BROADWAY Baumann & Co. Furniture, Without Deposits.

Call and make your own terms
Apply also to New York, New Jersey, Long Island and Connecticut.

OUR 10'4" WE PLAYERS PLANS 8 ROOMS
MAILED FREE FREIGHT MACHINES ON CREDIT \$1.00 WEEKLY

August Furniture & Rug Sale 25 to 50% Reductions

Free Cereal Set

This kitchen Ware Cereal set,
as illustrated, with every pur-
chase of \$50 or more during
August only on presentation
of this COUPON W.

White Enamel Dresser and Chil-
dren's value \$30. 11.98

4 Rooms Furnished at
\$69.98 \$89.98 \$109.98
\$149.98

5 Rooms \$149.98
\$169.98 \$189.98 \$209.98
\$229.98

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MORNING UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK